

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 Situation

by Emergency Operations Center, Department of Disease Control

Thailand situation update on 2 February 2021

1. International Situation

	Total Number	Daily Increase	Case Fatality Rate (CFR)
Confirmed cases	103,1967,978	410,929	
Deaths	2,248,798		2.16%

2. The Disease Situation in Thailand

Situation	Total Number*
Total number of new cases	836
Cases found in quarantine facilities/centers (Imported)	17
Cases found outside quarantine facilities/centers (Imported)	0
Cases infected in Thailand (Local transmission)	109
Cases found from active case finding	701
Total number of confirmed cases	20,454
Cases found in quarantine facilities/centers (Imported)	1,878
Cases found outside quarantine facilities/centers (Imported)	2,480
Cases infected in Thailand (Local transmission)	17,974
Cases found from active case finding	10,788
Total number of confirmed cases	20,454
Total recovered and discharged from hospitals Newly recovered and discharged from hospitals	13,217 (64.62%) 703
Undergoing treatment	7,158 (34.99)
Deaths New deaths	79 (0.39%) 2



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Type of Screened People and PUI	Total Number
Total number	
Ports of entry (Airports, ground ports, and seaports)	7,729,379
People renewing their passports at the Immigration Bureau, Chaeng Watthana	440,548
Total number of laboratory tests	1,396,351
People who met the PUI criteria	968,941
From active case finding	15,834
Returnees in quarantine facilities/centers	81,676
People who did not meet the PUI criteria	329,900
Total number of people who met the criteria of PUI	968,941
Detected from ports of entry	4,059
 Sought medical services on their own at hospitals (247,893 cases in private hospitals, and 703,342 cases in public hospitals) 	964,794
Notified by hotel residences, the Erawan Medical Center, local universities, tour groups and U-Tapao	88

Remark: *PUI (Patients Under Investigation)

3. Thailand Implementations

- The director of Wittayakhom School, Tak Province issued an announcement on the suspension of activities attending at schools and asking the schools to perform the online learning from 1 5 February or until further notice. This issue has been announced after Mae Sot hospital discovered six new cases of COVID-19 infection on February 1, 2021. Among those new cases, there were both adults and children. In addition, both public and private schools are also closed.
- The Governor of Trat Province revealed that Trat is in a controlled area (categorized as located in orange area) that the measures can be relaxed such as pubs, karaoke, bars, as well as restaurants that can sit and dine but every activity must maintain a social distancing and have a limit time for selling liquor before 11.00 p.m. The schools can open as usual. The request for a travel permit has been canceled. Above activities have been effective since February 1, 2021. In addition, if people who are traveling to Trat both for travel and business purposes, there are no need for



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an entry permit except the people travelling from Samut Sakhon. Those persons need to apply for the travel permit and must be quarantined for 14 days.

4. Risk Assessment of COVID-19 Situation

From the COVID-19 situation last week, it found that most infected people were asymptomatic cases (approximately 88.80%). Of those are detected from the active case finding in factories, markets, and communities in Samut Sakhon province. In a setting of factory with over 500 workers, it shows a higher risk of infection (13.67% of 21,727 persons) compared to a group of workers in medium/small size of factories, markets, and communities (0.29% of 14,669 persons). The said information showed that the large factories where staff closely work together, have meals together, or live in the same places have a higher risk of SARS-CoV-2 spreading than the small factories and communities. Therefore, the disease control measures such as wearing a mask, frequently washing hands, keeping a physical distancing, and refraining from having meals together need to be strictly implemented in the large factories located in Samut Sakhon or other provinces to reduce the risk of virus transmission. The factory should be strengthen observing the symptoms of workers (recommended to separate workers if those ones develop the flu-like symptoms or respiratory disease) ,avoiding unnecessary travelling across provinces and randomly testing the workers' health condition when a confirmed case is reported in the areas. All factories need to keep putting their guard up because the workers in the factories may get the virus from the communities leading to the cluster of outbreak in the factories.