

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 Situation

by Emergency Operations Center, Department of Disease Control

Thailand situation update on 9 June 2021

1. International Situation

	Total Number	Daily Increase	Case Fatality Rate (CFR)
Confirmed cases	174,770,391	370,397	
Deaths	3,763,628		2.15%

2.The Disease Situation in Thailand

Situation	Total Number*
Total number of new cases	2,680
Cases found in quarantine facilities/centers (Imported)	11
Cases found in Prison	280
Cases infected in Thailand (Local transmission)	1,457
Cases found from active case finding	932
Total number of confirmed cases	185,228
Total recovered and discharged from hospitals Newly recovered and discharged from hospitals	136,252 (73.55%) 4,253
Undergoing treatment	47,644 (25.72%)
Deaths New deaths	1,332 (0.72%) 35



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Type of Screened People and PUI	Total Number
Total number	
Ports of entry (Airports, ground ports, and seaports)	8,587,050
People renewing their passports at the Immigration Bureau, Chaeng Watthana	581,189
Total number of laboratory tests	2,513,137
People who met the PUI criteria	2,084,923
Returnees in quarantine facilities/centers	82,480
People who did not meet the PUI criteria	345,734
Total number of people who met the criteria of PUI	2,084,923
Detected from ports of entry	5,745
 Sought medical services on their own at hospitals (494,676 cases in private hospitals, and 1,584,414 cases in public hospitals) 	2,079,090
Notified by hotel residences, the Erawan Medical Center, local universities, tour groups, and U-Tapao	88

Remark: *PUI (Patients Under Investigation)

Characteristics of Deaths (1,332 deaths)	Wave: 1 Jan - 14 Dec 2020 (60 deaths)	Wave: 15 Dec 2020 - 31 Mar 2021 (34 deaths)	Wave: 1 April 2021 - now (1,238 deaths)			
Case Fatality Rate (CFR) in each age group						
• 20-39 years old	0.20%	0.02%	0.11%			
• 40-59 years old	2.10%	0.02%	1.00%			
60+ years old	6.50%	2.60%	7.58%			
Percentage of COVID-19 deaths of patients with underlying diseases including obesity, elderly patients, and pregnant patients						
	64%	100%	91%			
Average number of days between the onset of symptoms and the date of receiving treatment (Minimum-Maximum)						
	3.5 (0 - 19)	1.2 (0 - 8)	1.8 (0 - 19)			



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3. Thailand Implementations

- Chiang Mai Communicable Disease Committee has ordered the temporary closure of places, including, entertainment venues, pubs, bars, karaoke places, massage parlors, theaters, cinemas, snooker and billiard table services, gaming places, arcades, internet cafés, martial arts schools, gyms, fitnesses, tattoo or piercing places, and dance schools, starting from 9 June 2564 onwards until the changes announced.
- Samut Songkhram Province sent public health workers to urgently screen and test for COVID-19 at Maeklong Fishery Cooperative Limited fish market both Thais and migrant workers, as well as entrepreneurs. The Fish Market Committee has ordered the closure of the Maeklong Fishery Cooperative Limited which is the second largest fish market in Thailand. It is scheduled to close for 3 days, from 10-12 June, to spray disinfectant and clean the market and equipment so that both buyers, sellers, as well as consumers will have confidence.
- Phuket Provincial Public Health office revealed that people who have been vaccinated with 2 doses of Sinovac vaccine or 1 dose of Astrazeneca vaccine can travel to Phuket.

4. Risk Assessment of COVID-19 Situation

According to the COVID-19 situation monitoring on 9 June 2021, in Thailand, there were 185,228 accumulated infected cases. There are 2,680 new cases today of which 2,646 cases are from local transmission and 35 new deaths were reported. Most of the infected people were in the age group of 20-39 years old, accounting for 43.89%, followed by the group aged 40-59 years at 21.67 percent. Patients older than 60 years found 5.06 percent. 45.90% of the infections were caused by contact with previous confirmed cases, most of them were family members. This is consistent with the risk profile of deaths over 60 years of age, with 58.37 percent of them being infected by contact with a previous infected person. Therefore, preventive measures of death should be implemented including risk communication by emphasizing people to prevent the transmission of the virus into their households or families such as maintaining personal hygiene, frequently washing hands, taking a bath when returning from the community before contacting with the elderly and patients with chronic diseases, relatives in different areas should refrain from visiting each other. If it is not necessary, avoid sharing devices such as mobile phones, computers, water glasses, plates, spoon and fork. When having food together, it is recommended to use a personal plate and avoid talking during meals. If the elderly in the house have suspected symptoms such as fever, cough, runny nose, sore throat, and anosmia, please immediately see a doctor to check for infection without waiting for severe symptoms.