

Thailand situation update on 13 October 2021

1. International Situation

	Total Number	Daily Increase	Case Fatality Rate (CFR)
Confirmed cases	239,557,999	449,049	
Deaths	4,883,492		2.04%

2. The Disease Situation in Thailand

Situation	Total Number
Total number of new cases	10,064
Cases found in quarantine facilities/centers (Imported)	9
Cases found in prisons	118
Cases infected in Thailand (Local transmission)	10,055
Cases found from active case finding (Local transmission)	663
7-day average of daily confirmed cases from positive PCR tests over total PCR tests given	14.68%
Total number of confirmed cases	1,740,428
 Total recovered and discharged from hospitals Newly recovered and discharged from hospitals 	1,614,343 (92.76%) 10,988
Undergoing treatment	107,168 (6.16%)
 Deaths New deaths 	17,917 (1.03%) 82
Daily Number of new Vaccinations (Doses)**	805,146
First dose	368,278
Second dose	395,505
Third dose	41,363
Total number of Vaccinations (Doses)**	61,033,251
First dose	35,462,170



Second dose	23,796,497
Third dose	1,774,584

Screening, Testing, and PUI	Total Number
Total number of people screened	
Ports of entry (Airports, ground ports, and seaports)	9,269,227
 People renewing their passports at the Immigration Bureau, Chaeng Watthana 	698,521

Remark: *PUI (Patients Under Investigation) ** Updated on October 11th, 2021

Characteristics of Deaths (17,917 deaths)	Wave: 1 Jan - 14 Dec 2020 (60 deaths)	Wave: 15 Dec 2020 - 31 Mar 2021 (34 deaths)	Wave: 1 April 2021 - now (17,823 deaths)		
Case Fatality Rate (CFR) in each age group					
• 15 - 39 years old	0.20%	0.02%	0.13%		
• 40 - 59 years old	2.10%	0.02%	1.03%		
• 60+ years old	6.50%	2.60%	7.83%		
 < 1 year old (2 deaths) 					
Percentage of COVID-19 deaths that consist of elderly patients, patients with underlying diseases including obesity, or pregnant patients					
	64%	100%	90%		

3. Thailand Implementations

The Office of the Prime Minister has publicly stated that there is a plan to open up the country for tourists from low-risk countries to at least 10 countries, including the United States, China, United Kingdom, Singapore and Germany. However, those tourists will be able to enter Thailand without being quarantined if they are fully vaccinated and have a certificate indicating a negative COVID-19 result. This new measure will be effective from November 1, 2021 onward.

Lumpang announced the easing of disease control measures as follows:

1. All kinds of sports arenas or competitions are allowed to open again, ordered to close before 21.00 PM.



2. Cancelation of setting up various checkpoints such as Hangchat Police Checkpoint, Pang Ma-O Checkpoint of Mae Tha Police Station at Lumpang - Prae Road, and NaKae Checkpoint of Ngao Police Station at Lumpang - Payao Phahonyothin Road

3. There are no restrictions to travel to the provincial area and no quarantine when entering the area. However, people are asked to sign up for the Lumpang Chana QR Code prior to entering the province.

Phuket has identified screening measures for those who would like to enter Phuket by:

1. These must be vaccinated at least 14 days before entering Phuket as recommended by the Ministry of Public Health.

2. If patients with COVID-19 recover, they need to recover from the illness by up to 90 days.

3. There is a negative RT-PCR or ATK result from the designated hospital or laboratory. For those who use ATK, the ATK must be approved by the Thai FDA and be tested with the hospital, laboratory or sub-district health promotion hospitals or laboratory. A result of ATK can be used for not more than 7 days and is presented to the staff.

4. For children

4.1 children under 6 years old accompanying parents, paramedics or emergency medical vehicles,

4.2 students aged 12 to under 18 waiting to receive vaccination.

If they need to travel in or out of the province, they must show the ID card to staff, download the MorProm app and register at www.gophuget.com in order to inform the travel plan ahead.

4. Risk Assessment of COVID-19 Situation

There are over 239 million cases worldwide related to COVID-19. The number of daily infections is likely to decrease if compared to August, but still at the level of more than 300,000 people a day. There are still a large number of outbreaks in countries such as the United States, the United Kingdom, Turkey and Russia. The ASEAN region also has a declining trend. The outbreak is still very high in the Philippines and Malaysia, where there are more than 7,000 daily cases. In Thailand, there were 1,711,565 cumulated cases of the outbreak. There are currently 9,937 new cases in 76 provinces and 118 new cases in prisons. The daily number of infected persons has tended to decrease, but remains at a level of more than nine thousand cases per day. New cases continue to occur in large numbers in the central, northeastern and southern regions, particularly in border areas.

The provinces hardest hit by this wave are Bangkok, Samut Prakan, Chon Buri, Samut Sakhon and Nonthaburi. In addition, new clusters are still found in workplaces and community sources such as markets, as well as in communities and households. Deaths



from this wave of outbreaks were 17,823 which represents a mortality rate of 1.04%. Most deaths were among the elderly and those with chronic diseases who had not been vaccinated.

Regarding the current vaccination situation in Thailand, over 61.9 million doses have been administered and over 24.2 million people have received two or more doses of the vaccine. This week, the trend in the number of infected people has decreased but is likely to remain above 5,000 cases. While COVID-19 restrictions have begun to be relaxed, there should still be ongoing surveillance of patients with symptoms that meet the case definition for COVID-19. Cluster investigations need to be implemented to identify places at risk of outbreaks, risk factors and accelerated disease control measures. In addition, there must be communication with the public to follow the prevention and control measures especially in the highest control and strict areas such as wearing masks, frequently washing hands, working from home as much as possible, reducing unnecessary travel especially in risky areas that have a lot of people, and receiving the vaccine when it is made available to your target group. Its return is expected for the re-opening of the country in November 2021.