

Thailand situation update on 3 November 2021

1. International Situation

| | Total Number | Daily Increase | Case Fatality Rate (CFR) |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Confirmed cases | 248,371,209 | 461,903 | |
| Deaths | 5,030,936 | | 2.03% |

2. The Disease Situation in Thailand

| Situation | Total Number | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Number of new confirmed cases | 7,679 | |
| Cases found in quarantine facilities/centers (Imported) | 7 | |
| Cases found in prisons | 536 | |
| Cases infected in Thailand (Local transmission) | 6,864 | |
| Cases found from active case finding (Local transmission) | 272 | |
| 7-day average percentage of daily positive PCR tests (confirmed cases) | 13.84% | |
| Total number of confirmed cases | 1,935,442 | |
| Total recovered and discharged from hospitals Newly recovered and discharged from hospitals | 1,818,463 (93.96%) 8,482 | |
| | | |
| Undergoing treatment | 97,585 (5.04%) | |
| Deaths New deaths | 19,394 (1.00%) 56 | |
| Daily Number of new Vaccinations (Doses)* | 642,792 | |
| First dose | 199,516 | |
| Second dose | 422,111 | |
| Third dose | 21,165 | |
| Total number of Vaccinations (Doses)* | 76,683,923 | |
| First dose | 42,601,790 | |



by Emergency Operations Center, Department of Disease Control

| Second dose | 31,615,272 |
|--|------------|
| Third dose | 2,466,861 |
| Number of people screened at Ports of Entry (Airports, Ground Ports, Seaports) | 9,390,639 |
| Number of people screened when renewing their passports (at the Immigration Bureau, Chaeng Watthana) | 717,976 |

Remark: * Updated on October 31th, 2021

| Characteristics of Deaths (19,394 deaths) | Wave: 1 Jan - 14 Dec 2020 (60 deaths) | Wave: 15 Dec 2020 - 31 Mar 2021 (34 deaths) | Wave: 1 April 2021 - now (19,300 deaths) | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Case Fatality Rate (CFR) in each age group | | | | | | |
| • 15 - 39 years old | 0.20% | 0.02% | 0.10% | | | |
| • 40 - 59 years old | 2.10% | 0.02% | 0.83% | | | |
| • 60+ years old | 6.50% | 2.60% | 6.03% | | | |
| < 1 year old (2 deaths) | | | | | | |
| Percentage of COVID-19 deaths that consist of elderly patients, patients with underlying diseases including obesity, or pregnant patients | | | | | | |
| | 64% | 100% | 90% | | | |

3. Thailand Implementations

- The Metropolitan Police Bureau has provided information to the public regarding allowed 12 activities during relaxation of the lockdown measures including lifting of curfews, reopening the country, and semester opening with on-site teaching on 1 November 2021. The Bureau has aimed to encourage people to have correct understanding and prevent illegal violence.
- The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has prepared to approve the Pfizer vaccination for children aged 5 11 years that the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (U.S. FDA) has approved for emergency use. The vaccine dosage is one-third of that for children older than 12 years old or 10 micrograms. In addition, the FDA has also prepared to approve the Sinofarm vaccination for children aged 3 years or more. It is currently under the documents preparation process.



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• Narathiwat Province has provided a proactive Pfizer vaccination campaign to accelerate herd immunity in Thai people. The vaccination unit was set up at the TK Park Narathiwat during 2 to 15 November 2021.

4. Risk Assessment of COVID-19 Situation

During 1 April to 3 November 2021, there were 19,300 COVID-19 deaths among 1,810,337 confirmed cases (1.07% Case Fatality Rate). The reported deaths were 109 in April, 828 in May, 992 in June, 2,834 in July, in 6,732 August, 5,138 in September, and 2,667 during 1 October to 3 November 2021. The mean age of deaths was 67 years old. The deaths were 10,425 (54.0%) men and 15,037 (77.9%) persons who had underlying diseases or obesity. Most of them, i.e., 9,313 cases (48.3%), had contact with previous confirmed cases and 2,693 (14.0%) contacted with confirmed cases who were relatives or family members. Therefore, the elderly who have relatives or family members going out to work, have a higher risk of infection. Moreover, those with underlying diseases have high risk of severe illness from COVID-19 or even deaths. The risk must be reduced, by both the eldery and family members through practice of strict self-protection measures including physical distancing of at least 1 - 2 meters when having activities together, such as eating at separate tables, wearing mask at all times while talking to your family members or while travelling in vehicles, washing hands after contact with potentially contaminated surfaces or objects, such as doorknobs, handrails, refrigerators, remote controls, and avoid sharing any common objects such as mobile phones, computers, glasses, dishes, and spoons. In case the elderly in the house have suspected symptoms such as fever, cough, runny nose, sore throat, and loss of smell or taste, immediately consult a doctor in order to get tested. Do not wait until showing severe symptoms such as rapid breathing, shortness of breath, and chest pain. Risk history such as contact with COVID-19 cases, must be informed to medical personnel. In addition, registrations for vaccination appointments should be made in various channels announced by each province. Full vaccination is effective in preventing severe illness and deaths by more than 90 percent. At the same time, the responsible agencies and provinces that receive allocated vaccines should plan priorities for vaccinating the elderly and those with underlying diseases first to reduce the deaths.