

Thailand situation update on 6 November 2021

1. International Situation

	Total Number	Daily Increase	Case Fatality Rate (CFR)
Confirmed cases	249,946,102	495,951	
Deaths	5,056,254		2.02%

2. The Disease Situation in Thailand

Situation	Total Number
Number of new confirmed cases	8,467
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases found in quarantine facilities/centers (Imported) 	13
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases found in prisons 	880
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases infected in Thailand (Local transmission) 	7,385
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases found from active case finding (Local transmission) 	189
7-day average percentage of daily positive PCR tests (confirmed cases)	12.31%
Total number of confirmed cases	1,960,039
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total recovered and discharged from hospitals - Newly recovered and discharged from hospitals 	1,843,018 (94.03%) 8,288
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Undergoing treatment 	97,410 (4.97%)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deaths - New deaths 	19,611 (1.00%) 69
Daily Number of new Vaccinations (Doses)*	805,238
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> First dose 	233,437
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Second dose 	537,952
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Third dose 	33,849
Total number of Vaccinations (Doses)*	79,072,396
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> First dose 	43,388,561

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 Situation

by Emergency Operations Center, Department of Disease Control

• Second dose	33,119,247
• Third dose	2,564,588
Number of people screened at Ports of Entry (Airports, Ground Ports, Seaports)	9,412,309
Number of people screened when renewing their passports (at the Immigration Bureau, Chaeng Watthana)	720,521

Remark: *Updated on 31 October 2021

Characteristics of Deaths (19,611 deaths)	Wave: 1 Jan - 14 Dec 2020 (60 deaths)	Wave: 15 Dec 2020 - 31 Mar 2021 (34 deaths)	Wave: 1 April 2021 - now (19,517 deaths)
Case Fatality Rate (CFR) in each age group			
• 15 - 39 years old	0.20%	0.02%	0.10%
• 40 - 59 years old	2.10%	0.02%	0.83%
• 60+ years old	6.50%	2.60%	6.04%
• < 1 year old (2 deaths)			
Percentage of COVID-19 deaths that consist of elderly patients, patients with underlying diseases including obesity, or pregnant patients			
	64%	100%	90%

3. Thailand Implementations

- The Ministry of Health has provided advice that the Moderna vaccine can be used in people aged 12 years or older. For both regular and mixed-type injections the vaccination should be administered 4 weeks apart. The Moderna vaccine can be used as a booster dose following the 2 doses of Sinovac or Sinopharm vaccines after an interval of 4-weeks and over. Those who received Sinovac and AstraZeneca vaccines are advised to wait for 5 to 6 months before receiving Moderna as a booster dose.
- Phuket Province has officially closed the 2nd field hospital after the last two COVID-19 patients were discharged. It has been a success of treatment and care of the patients in yellow and green levels.
- Chiang Mai Province has allowed 40,000 people per day for those who have not been vaccinated to receive vaccination without registration in advance. The persons must be 18 years of age or older who have residence in Chiang Mai. Those who have residence in other provinces but live in Chiang Mai must provide evidence

confirming that they live or work in Chiang Mai. Vaccination posts have been set up in every district.

4. Risk Assessment of COVID-19 Situation

From the COVID-19 situation monitoring during 1 to 6 November 2021, among the 48,015 cases, 4,351 cases (9.1%) were from active case finding. The mean age was 33.9 years. They were 3,319 male (76.3%) and 3,401 Thai nationals (78.2%). Most (84.2%) were asymptomatic cases. The top five provinces with infected people detected from Active Case Finding include Surin (1,054 cases or 24.2%), Khon-Kaen (894 cases or 20.5%), Nakhonratchasima (592 cases or 13.6%), Bangkok (353 cases or 8.1%), and Chanthaburi (176 cases or 4.0%). Therefore, people in these provinces are still at risk of infection from communities, shopping malls, markets, public places, and workplaces because most of the infected people are of working age and have no symptoms. The risk of infection should be reduced by practicing strict self-protection measures (D-M-H-T-T-A) to reduce the spread of COVID-19. Prevention Measures include social distancing of at least 1-2 meters or limit the number of people in each area, implement the work from home policy, wearing a hygienic mask or cloth mask at all times, cleaning and washing hands every time after touching surfaces that might be contaminated, such as elevators, doorknobs, and handrails, having body temperature checked and registering with the ThaiChana and MorChana applications when visiting various places, and testing for COVID-19 when having suspected symptoms and has a risk history. In addition, companies should promote the work from home policy to reduce workplace congestion that may cause disease spreading.