

Thailand situation update on 9 November 2021

1. International Situation

	Total Number	Daily Increase	Case Fatality Rate (CFR)
Confirmed cases	251,167,230	512,785	
Deaths	5,073,662		2.02%

2. The Disease Situation in Thailand

Situation	Total Number
Total number of new cases	6,904
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases found in quarantine facilities/centers (Imported) 	22
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases found in prisons 	258
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases infected in Thailand (Local transmission) 	6,882
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases found from active case finding (Local transmission) 	465
7-day average of daily confirmed cases from positive PCR tests over total PCR tests given	11.58%
Total number of confirmed cases	1,982,495
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total recovered and discharged from hospitals - Newly recovered and discharged from hospitals 	1,865,487 (94.10%) 8,024
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Undergoing treatment 	97,244 (4.91%)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deaths - New deaths 	19,764 (1.00%) 61
Daily Number of new Vaccinations (Doses)**	654,378
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> First dose 	181,085
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Second dose 	455,474
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Third dose 	17,819
Total number of Vaccinations (Doses)**	80,333,515
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> First dose 	43,730,547

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 Situation

by Emergency Operations Center, Department of Disease Control

• Second dose	33,995,779
• Third dose	2,607,189

Screening, Testing, and PUI	Total Number
Total number of people screened	
• Ports of entry (Airports, ground ports, and seaports)	9,431,93
• People renewing their passports at the Immigration Bureau, Chaeng Watthana	723,039

Remark: *PUI (Patients Under Investigation) ** Updated on November 8th, 2021

Characteristics of Deaths (19,764 deaths)	Wave: 1 Jan - 14 Dec 2020 (60 deaths)	Wave: 15 Dec 2020 - 31 Mar 2021 (34 deaths)	Wave: 1 April 2021 - now (19,670 deaths)
Case Fatality Rate (CFR) in each age group			
• 15 - 39 years old	0.20%	0.02%	0.10%
• 40 - 59 years old	2.10%	0.02%	0.81%
• 60+ years old	6.50%	2.60%	5.91%
• < 1 year old (2 deaths)			
Percentage of COVID-19 deaths that consist of elderly patients, patients with underlying diseases including obesity, or pregnant patients			
	64%	100%	90%

3. Thailand Implementations

- Chiang Mai Province is taking proactive action to detect COVID-19 using an ATK. It aims to prevent the rapid spread of a virus. For those who have purchased a self-test kit and have a positive result, please immediately report a result to the provincial health office. If there are no symptoms, an individual will be quarantined and treated separately in the home. There will be a set of medication boxes and accessories and equipment with a team of physicians to call every day to obtain a record of monitoring symptoms.
- Nakhon Si Thammarat Province provides active surveillance in areas where the epidemic is uncontrollable. The local authority provides CDCU and CCRT teams from different districts to help identify infected individuals in highly endemic areas. In addition, follow-up on high-risk individuals is implemented to receive testing within 24

hours. ATK has been supported in a number of high-risk areas for surveillance, including the market, plant, construction camp, fish market, public transport. The facility that was certified for Safety and Health Administration (SHA) provided a standard ATK test to employees. Furthermore, government agencies and local governments adapt their work in the new normal format. Stores are joining the campaign for measures of UP and Covid Free Setting to reduce the risk of outbreaks.

- The Department of Health Service Support has recommended ways to reduce the risk of spreading and contracting of COVID-19. This can be done by maintaining space during meals, not sharing utensils, washing hands before eating, having freshly cooked foods and separate individual dishes. These recommendations were highlighted for the school age group by avoiding dining with friends, family and being aware of preventing the spread of COVID-19.

4. Risk Assessment of COVID-19 Situation

According to the information of the Global COVID -19 situation, it found more than 251 million cumulative confirmed cases (more than 400,000 cases per day) and there was an increasing trend of new cases when compared to the number of mid - October due to the high number of cases in Europe. The majority of cases were reported from the United States, Russia, the United Kingdom and Turkey. For the situation in ASEAN, the overall number of cases showed a decreasing trend. However, the outbreak remains high in Vietnam at more than 7,000 cases per day and there was no sign of decreasing its number.

Thailand had 1,953,632 cumulative confirmed cases, of which 6,904 new cases have been confirmed today. There was a decreasing trend of COVID -19 case in every part of Thailand (around 7,000 cases per day). While new confirmed cases were mostly found in the center and south of the country, particularly in Bangkok, Samut Prakan, Chonburi and Nonthaburi. The total number of deaths was 19,670 cases (1.01%). The cases were mostly found in the elderly and people with underlying diseases who had no history of receiving the vaccine or were not fully vaccinated. For the vaccination rollout situation in Thailand, more than 80.9 million doses were inoculated among people with more than 34.2 million people who received 2 doses of vaccines. Even though the rate of people received the vaccine was significantly increasing, the country is still at risk for the COVID -19 due to the reopening country policy and relaxing measures as well as the vaccine provided can prevent the severe symptom and death from the COVID -19, not prevent the transmission of the its disease. In the meantime, it was expected that the number of new cases will decrease gradually this week at more than 6,000 cases per day), therefore, there was a need to make a surveillance among patients with suspected symptom , actively investigate the cluster outbreak in risk areas, and encourage people to lift their guide high by wearing a mask, always washing hands, implementing the work from home policy as appropriate, refraining from visiting the risk areas or mass gathering places and getting the vaccine.